- 1 San José State University
- Academic Senate
- Professional Standards Committee
- 2 3 4 5 December 9, 2024

AS 1884

40 Financial Impact: None anticipated41 Workload Impact: None anticipated

17	
-	

43

52

53

## A. Preamble

- 44 Professional responsibility is the natural complement of the academic freedom essential to the 45 university's mission. Through their responsible professional conduct, faculty members<sup>3</sup> 46 promote and protect academic freedom. Since faculty members belong to a profession with the rights of self-governance, they also have the obligation to establish standards of 47 48 professional conduct and procedures to enforce them. The following standards provide 49 guidance for certain ethical questions which may arise over the course of a faculty member's career, but they are not an exhaustive list. They are built upon the foundations of academic 50 freedom; they are the ideals to which all faculty members should aspire. 51
  - B. Faculty Responsibilities

The responsibilities of faculty members mayigas4 Respon95TT0 MCID 4As6Qoourse

76	- perform their research with honesty and integrity.
77	- respect the ethical and legal considerations <sup>5</sup> that underlie their work and output,
78	as consistent with the ethical principles and guidelines of their discipline.
79	- comply with guidelines governing any grant or other funds related to a research
80	or creative project.
81	- strive to contribute to the body of knowledge in their discipline and to
82	disseminate such knowledge appropriately.
83	- critically evaluate their work prior to dissemination.
84	- use university and other resources with integrity and consideration of the
85	mission of the university.
86	2. As teachers, faculty members:
87	
88	a. treat students fairly and respectfully; they
89	- assure that their evaluations of students reflect only matters relevant to the
90	students' academic performance.
91	- guard against improper disclosure of confidential information regarding
92	students. <sup>6</sup>
93	- ensure that their professional contacts with students are free from any
94	exploitation, harassment, or discrimination.
95	- acknowledge significant academic or scholarly collaboration with or assistance
96	from their students.
97	- adhere to published descriptions of course content and grading practices, such as
98	those contained in syllabi and course catalogs.
99	- maintain awareness of and adhere to University policies governing student rights
100	and responsibilities.
101	b. encourage the free pursuit of learning; they
102	- encourage students to make their own judgments and to express them when
103	appropriate.
104	- allow students to take reasoned exception to or to reserve judgment about the
105	data or views offered in a course of study.
106	- refuse to tolerate exploitation, harassment, or discrimination by students in an
107	instructional setting.
108	- protect student academic freedom
109	c. exhibit and uphold the highest scholarly and ethical standards of their disciplines; they
110	- foster honest academic conduct.

<sup>5</sup> Such ethical and legal considerations include compliance with copyright laws and not plagiarizing.
<sup>6</sup> The confidentiality of student records and information is also governed by law and SJSU policy. See the

111	- do not instruct, advise, or supervise students with whom they have personal or
112	professional conflicts of interest. <sup>7</sup>
113	d. serve as intellectual guides and advisors; they
114	- are available during reasonable, posted hours to assist students who request their
115	intellectual and academic help.
116	- utilize instructional time to help students learn course materials.
117	3. As colleagues and co-workers, faculty members:

a. respectation defend free inquiry even when the methodology used or the findings and

ล

- inconsistent with their professional responsibility and the mission of the University. These conflicts of interest include but are not restricted to sexual relationships.
- A similar caveat applies, of course, to the instruction and evaluation of students who are

219 220 221 222	avoid actual conflicts of interest as well as the appearance of such conflicts whenever possible. This ethical standard is not born of scrupulosity. Rather, it arises from the faculty's full awareness of the wide scope of thought and expression it enjoys under the protection of academic freedom.	
223	D. Bullying and Other Unprofessional Conduct	
224 225 226 227	<u>Definition<sup>11</sup></u> : In the context of Professional Responsibility, "other" unprofessional conduct is defined as repeated unprofessional behavior that does not fall under statutory protections, including but not limited to Title IX, discrimination, harassment, or retaliation. Of particular concern in this area is bullying. Bullying is behavior that a reasonable person would find hostile, intimidating, offensive, and unrelated to the University's legitimate inst	S

247	<i>Importance</i> : Severe, persistent, or pervasive unprofessional behavior can undermine other
248	faculty member's performance of their professional duties and obligations with regard to the
249	university's mission, and chill the environment for free pursuit of learning. While it is often
250	easier to recognize conduct of concern when it occurs in a relationship with a power
251	imbalance, this policy is meant to specifically include bullying between individuals of
252	perceived equal levels of power, as well.

## E. Applicable Laws and Regulations Governing Conduct

- Various federal and state laws and regulations apply to the university and its employees.
  Faculty members must take responsibility for awareness of such rules and to comply with
  them. Many of these laws and regulations are noted in this and other University policies
  related to faculty responsibilities (a partial list is included at Section F below).
- Examples of laws and regulations applicable to the university and its employees include:
  - 1. California law prohibits use of state resources or the "California State University" name to advocate a position regarding a candidate or ballot proposition. 12
    - 2. As a recipient of federal and state funds, and other grants, the university and its faculty involved in research projects or programs may be governed by certain laws, regulations, and guidelines.
    - 3. Federal and California laws dealing with non-discrimination, equal employment opportunity, and affirmative action govern employment practices at SJSU and are relevant to faculty members involved in retention, tenure, promotion, and similar employment decisions.
    - 4. In order to protect the privacy of students, federal and California laws prohibit certain disclosures of student records.
- Faculty members may obtain assistance in gaining awareness and understanding of laws and regulations that may govern their conduct from their department chair (or equivalent unit head) and the Office of Faculty Services.

## F. Additional References

253

259260

261262

263

264

265

266

267

268269

270

University policies that relate to academic freedom and faculty responsibilities include: 13

<sup>12</sup> See California Government Code Section 8314, California Education Code Section 89005.5, and Stanson v. Mott, 17 Cal.3d 206, 210 (1976). The CSU Office of General Counsel's Handbook of Election Issues, dated February 1997, provides general guidance to the legal background on the use of state resources in elections. This handbook is available at the Web site for this policy on Professional Responsibility. It is also available from the SJSU President's Office.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Faculty are encouraged to review University Policies (which are available at https://www.sjsu.edu/senate/university-policies/ as well as in the Academic Senate Office) to be sure they are fully aware of the most current policies pertaining to their activities as teachers, researchers, mentors, and employees and members of the SJSU/CSU community. Any questions about these policies or matters covered by this policy on Professional Responsibility, or relevant federal and state laws, should be

276	
277	1. F24-XXX, Statement of Academic Freedom and Establishing the Academic
278	Freedom Committee
279	2. F24-2, Board of Professional Responsibility—provides an implementing
280	mechanism for some of the policies described or referenced in this document
281	3. S92-12, Statement on Academic Freedom and Artistic Expression
282	4. F12-5, Policy and Procedures for Responding to Allegations of Scientific or
283	Other Misconduct in Funded Research
284	5. S99-11, Conflict of Interest Policy For Principal Investigators
285	6. S14-6, Policy and Assurance for Humane Care and Use of Animals at San
286	Jose State University
287	7. F17-1, Protection of Human Research Subjects
288	8. F18-3, Charge and Membership of the Institutional Review Board (IRB)
	9 S18-5 Research Scholarship RT0eW*0 612 792 Roas 529 792dActRI